

Food Chains

Use these words to complete the text below.

omnivores sun carnivores birds
vertebrates shellfish backbone plants
herbivores consumers reproduce

Animals are divided into two groups: invertebrates and _____ . Vertebrates are animals that have a _____ or a spine. Vertebrates include: fish, mammals, _____ , amphibians and reptiles. Invertebrates do not have a backbone; two examples of invertebrates are worms and _____ .

There are four main life processes that all living things do; these are move, _____ , grow and take nutrition. All living things are part of the food chain; at the bottom of the food chain are the producers: these are always _____ . Plants get their energy from the _____ . All other living things either eat plants or eat something that eats plants, they are called _____ . Animals that only eat plants are called _____ . Animals that eat other animals are called _____ . Animals that eat plants and animals are called omnivores. Humans are _____ .

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Key words - try and learn the spelling of these words.

prey habitat predator vertebrates
backbone nutrition herbivores
reproduction reproduce omnivore

Complete the food chain.

cabbage → caterpillar → bird → _____

Match up the animal to its characteristic.

Whale

Is an amphibian; lays eggs in shallow pools of water.

Cat

Lives in the sea and uses gills to breathe in water. It lays eggs.

Frog

Is a predator: eats other small animals like mice and birds.

Fish

Lives in the sea, but comes to the surface to breathe. It gives birth to live young.